

Fifth Report

OF

THE DERBYSHIRE

County Pauper Lunatic Asylum.

COMMITTEE OF VISITORS.

SIR HUGH SEYMOUR BLANE, BART., CHAIRMAN.

SIR HENRY SACHEVEREL WILMOT, BART.

WILLIAM MUNDY, Esq.

THOMAS BENT, Esq., M.D.

THOMAS PEACH, Esq., M.D.

JOHN RADFORD, Esq.

CHARLES CLARKE, Esq.

FRANCIS WRIGHT, Esq.

JAMES SUTTON, Esq.

JOHN STRUTT, Esq.

THOMAS WILLIAM EVANS, Esq., M.P.

FRANCIS BRADSHAW, JUN., Esq.

ASHTON MOSLEY, Esq.

TREASURERGEORGE CROMPTON, Esq.

SUPERINTENDENT PHYSICIAN.....DR. HITCHMAN.

CHAPLAIN.....The REV. GEORGE FRITCHE.

CLERK AND STEWARDMR. JOHN LANGLEY.

JOHN BARBER,

CLERK OF THE PEACE.

DERBY:

W. AND W. PIKE, PRINTERS, CORN MARKET.

[1857]



Digitized by the Internet Archive
in 2018 with funding from
Wellcome Library

<https://archive.org/details/b30300654>

*the Justices of the Peace of the County of Derby
assembled at the General Quarter Sessions of the
Peace at Chesterfield, on the seventh day of April,
1857.*



We, the Committee of Visitors of the County Lunatic Asylum, report as follows, viz. :—

The Asylum has been regularly visited by the Committee, every Patient has been seen by three or more members of Committee once in each two months.

The well which has been sunk yields an abundant supply of good water, and has remedied the great inconvenience previously caused from a deficiency of water in dry seasons.

The Asylum affords ample accommodation for the Patients, its condition and management are most satisfactory, and have been highly commended by the Commissioners in Lunacy, and the members of the Association of Medical Officers of Asylums and Hospitals for the Insane, who describe this Institution as an admirably arranged and well conducted Asylum."

We refer with great pleasure to the public testimony of Dr. T. H. Holmes, one of the most humane, able, and experienced

Physicians of his time, to the excellent management of the Derbyshire Asylum by Dr. Hitchman. In his recently published "Treatment of the Insane, without mechanical restraint," he says, (p. 299) :—

" Dr. Hitchman succeeded Dr. Nesbitt (at Hanwell,) and under his superintendence there is not a better governed Asylum in England than that of Derbyshire, over which I now presides." And in a subsequent part of the same book he says, (p. 311.) :—

" I refer again with satisfaction to the Derbyshire Asylum as it was one of the first erected in England, with every advantage of experience on the part of the Architect, Mr. Duesbury of the things actually required in a large residence for the Insane. It is unnecessary to say that, under the direction of Dr. Hitchman, it became, and continues to be an illustration of all that is liberal in management, and skilful and humane treatment. No Physician in this country seems to have paid earlier attention to the real results of abolishing mechanical restraints."

H. SEYMOUR BLANE,

CHAIRMAN

TO THE CHAIRMAN AND VISITORS OF THE
DERBY COUNTY ASYLUM.

GENTLEMEN,

In no year, since the opening of the Asylum has its general condition been more satisfactory than the one that has just closed.

Fifty-two Men, and sixty-seven Women, in various forms of stages of Insanity, have been received,—of these the largest number were admitted, as in the years 1854 and 1855, in the months of May, July, and August.

The following Table will illustrate these particulars :—

PATIENTS ADMITTED.

	MALES.		FEMALES.		TOTAL.
January	6	...	1	...	7
February	4	..	5	...	9
March	6	...	3	...	9
April	6	...	5	...	11
May	5	...	10	...	15
June	4	...	5	...	9
July	6	...	13	...	19
August	3	...	7	...	10
September	4	...	6	...	10
October	3	...	7	...	10
November	1	...	3	...	4
December	4	...	2	...	6
	<hr/>		<hr/>		<hr/>
	52		67		119
	<hr/>		<hr/>		<hr/>

Suicidal
Cases.

Thirty-six of the Patients admitted during the past year were reported suicidal. Two had made incisions into their necks, and many others had attempted to destroy themselves by other means. Several have made desperate attempts at self-destruction during their detention here, but happily without success. The following case will illustrate the energy with which these unhappy persons pursue their purpose:—S. B. perceiving, as he walked from the Steward toward an Attendant, that the top of the rain-water tank was uncovered, rushed towards it and threw himself into the opening, he was grasped by the Steward, who held him a second or two over the mouth of the reservoir, but had not a sufficient hold to prevent him from falling into it. William Eyre was instantly lowered by a rope into the reservoir and the Patient was rescued; for although he had fallen several feet, he was very slightly hurt, owing partly to the check given to his fall, by his temporary suspension over the mouth of the tank, and by the depth of the water into which he fell: The Superintendent was close to the spot at the time, and is pleased to state, that such were the zeal and courage displayed by the attendants around, that he had great difficulty in preventing more than one person from descending into the well to the rescue of the Patient.

Thirty-eight per cent of the Patients admitted have been discharged, cured—and in addition to this number twenty-two Patients have been removed from the Asylum much improved. Although these numbers contrast favourably with the results obtained in many other kindred Institutions, yet it is diminished by the fact, that nearly double that number might have been cured had the public been fully impressed with the importance of having the Patient brought to the Asylum in the very early stage of the malady. This fatal delay arises partly from the natural dislike of individuals to consign their relatives to the hands of strangers, and partly from the reluctance of some parochial authorities to incur the expense of the removal of the Patient to

Asylum, and of his maintenance when at the Institution. These combined causes, are filling up the Asylums of the kingdom with chronic and incurable cases, and sometimes lead to much individual suffering—as the following case will illustrate—“ W. D. was brought to the Asylum to-day firmly bound with ropes and handcuffs. The skin over both wrists is denuded to the bone—black lacerations are around each, the wrists are much inflamed, and the arms are swollen, and bruised. His elbows are bruised, and the right is much abraded—there is a deep abrasion five inches in length at the back of his shoulder-blade, extending across the anterior part of the chest. The front and upper part of each foot is abraded of its skin; he has ten large bruises about the right leg, and the back of the leg has upon it a scratch six inches in length—the thighs are bruised—there are eight visible bruises on his left leg, and there are red marks indicative of others, likely to show themselves; the legs and arms are scratched; his sides, chest, and back have bruises upon them. The incisor teeth of the upper jaw have been broken off—he is in a wild frantic state, and appears unable to retain the erect position, and rolls on the floor upon his back and sides with his legs and arms in a flexed position. The odour from his body when stripped was so disgusting as to excite nausea in all, and sickness in some who approached him. He has not yet spoken in articulate language; he has a fierce expression, but his countenance is pallid, and he is exhausted. The breath is foetid, tongue and lips covered with sordes; his body is well nourished; he appears idiotic.—See book, p. 199.

The manacles and ropes were removed as soon as the poor fellow was lifted from the cart. They will never be replaced upon his limbs again. The wounds and bruises have disappeared—only scars alone remain. Epileptic in body, and imbecile in mind, he may never perhaps leave the Institution; but he will be happy to remain in its walls.

Value of
Asylum to
Chronic
Cases.

The public Asylums of this kingdom thus perform beneficent work by shielding the Insane from much bodily suffering: by tranquilising and improving their minds, and by fitting them to be useful members of a special household, even when reason has been so shattered as to render them for ever unfit to contend with the conflicts and trials of the outer world.

The per centage of cures has been lessened by the circumstance, that forty-eight Patients belonging to out-counties have been removed to their respective Asylums; this removal has however, in a corresponding degree, diminished the per centage of deaths, which per centage has, as in the case of the cures been calculated upon the entire number under treatment.

The following Table illustrates the General Statistics of the Asylum:—

GENERAL STATISTICS.						Males.	Females.	Total
Patients Admitted	...	...	...	...	...	52	67	119
———— Discharged Recovered	...	...	...	...	...	18	28	46
———— ————— Much Improved	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2
———— ————— Not Improved	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	4
———— Died	...	...	...	...	...	12	7	19
———— Absent on Trial...	...	...	...	...	...	0	1	1
———— Removed to other Asylums Re-								
lieved	...	...	...	...	...	5	15	20
———— ————— Not Improved	...	...	...	...	...	14	14	28
———— Remaining in the Asylum Dec. 31						135	141	276
Per centage of Recoveries upon Admissions						38.656		
———— the entire								
number under treatment ...						11.614		
———— * Deaths upon the entire								
number under treatment.						4.798		

* The extreme lowness of the Mortality of the past year will cause an increase in the apparent Mortality of the year 1857, as several *now* suffering from morbid disease will necessarily die during the current year.

The number of deaths has been remarkably few—not reaching five per cent., and of these the greater portion died from general paralysis—a malady almost invariably fatal, and from which the Patients were suffering at the period of their admission. Four of the Patients were in the last stage of fatal disease when received into the Asylum, and life was sustained for two or three weeks only by incessant attention. Such cases involved considerable expense in their removal from home—are sustained at great cost during their brief existence in the Hospital, and they tend statistically to lower the character of the Institution by their speedy decease, and therefore the interests alike of the poor sufferers, their friends, the parish, and the Asylum, would be better served by their detention at home. The following Obituary Table will illustrate the number of deceased Patients, and the maladies of which they died :—

OBITUARY.

Sex.	Age.	IN THE ASYLUM.			APPARENT CAUSE OF DEATH.
		YEARS.	WEEKS.	DAYS.	
Female	20	1	6	—	Softening of Brain
M.	77	1	13	6	Apoplexy
Female	47	—	37	1	Epilepsy
F.	48	—	2	1	Serous Apoplexy
M.	39	—	45	5	General Paralysis
M.	54	4	—	6	Chorea.
M.	67	1	11	2	General Debility
M.	26	—	2	1	Pulmonary Consumption
F.	49	—	47	—	General Paralysis
F.	60	—	3	—	General Paralysis
M.	27	3	31	4	General Paralysis supervening upon Epilepsy
M.	46	—	31	6	General Paralysis

OBITUARY—CONTINUED.

No.	Sex.	Age.	IN THE ASYLUM.			APPARENT CAUSE OF DEATH.
			YEARS.	WEEKS.	DAYS.	
13	M.	37	—	10	5	Pulmonary Consumption
14	M.	51	1	11	4	General Paralysis
15	M.	—	2	20	5	General Paralysis
16	F.	52	3	28	4	Scirrhus of Liver, Breast, &
17	F.	30	—	3	2	Marasmus
18	F.		4	27	6	Malignant Disease of the Thyroid Gland
19	M.	32	—	27	6	General Paralysis

GENERAL MANAGEMENT OF THE ASYLUM, AND TREATMENT OF THE PATIENTS.

The General Management of the Asylum, and the Treatment of the Patients, described in former Reports, has been maintained. Industry has been encouraged; amusements have been provided; groups of the more orderly of the Patients attended the fêtes at the Arboretum in Derby, and taken excursions into the country weekly, during the Summer and Autumn Months. Performances of an amusing character have been enacted, and the usual Christmas Entertainment has also passed off with order, and much enjoyment.

The Asylum has been visited during the past year by

inguished Physicians and Architects from Austria, America, and Denmark; and on the first of August, it was honoured by the presence of the Association of Medical Officers of Asylums and Hospitals for the Insane. At the close of the Meeting of the Association, the following Resolution was passed :—

“ That the best thanks of the Association be transmitted to the Committee of Visitors of the Derby County Asylum, for the use of this room, and for the pleasure and instruction the members have derived from their visit to the Wards of this admirably arranged and well-conducted Asylum.”

On the 22nd of August the Asylum was inspected by two of the Commissioners in Lunacy, who left a favorable report of the general condition, and who were pleased to add, that they had been much gratified with their visit.”

The Chapel Services have been conducted with great regularity, order and decorum.

The Officers and Servants of the Institution have by their industry and general good conduct during the past year, merited the praise of the Superintendent Physician.

The economic or general affairs of the Asylum have been as satisfactory as the medical results.

The exertions of the Committee to obtain a good supply of water have been crowned with success, and the new well meets the wants of the Institution.

A large piece of land which had for several years been occupied as a brick-field and store place for bricks is now becoming more and more productive; some of the wetter fields have been drained,

and the Farm generally has attained a condition from which profitable results may be anticipated. The live stock, much of it reared upon the Estate, is of good quality, and will bear comparison with many herds of high pretension.

It has been desired that the entire Establishment within and without, should be characterized by unity, order, and excellence, and that all should be made subservient to the great end of restoring the Patients to health, or failing this, to surround them with such influences as are likely to preserve the fragments of intelligence which remain, to allay perturbation, to make them useful to themselves, and to each other; and to induce them to employ their feeble talents, as that they may, in the Great Taskmaster's eye, be regarded among those lowly ones, "who have done what they could" under the circumstances in which they have been placed.

JOHN HITCHMAN, M.D.

January 1st, 1857.

DERBY COUNTY ASYLUM.

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE FROM THE 1ST JANUARY TO THE 31ST DECEMBER, 1856.

FROM UNIONS AND PARISHES CONTRIBUTING.	INCOME FROM WEEKLY RATE FOR THE QUARTERS ENDING					£. s. d.	HEADS OF EXPENDITURE.	EXPENDITURE FROM WEEKLY RATE, FOR THE QUARTERS ENDING					£. s. d.
	31st March £. s. d.	30th June. £. s. d.	30th Sept. £. s. d.	31st Dec. £. s. d.	Total. £. s. d.			31st March £. s. d.	30th June. £. s. d.	30th Sept. £. s. d.	31st Dec. £. s. d.	Total. £. s. d.	
Ashbourne	61 8 6	57 0 0	57 2 10	59 2 9	234 14 1		<i>Provisions.</i>						
Ashby-de-la-Zouch	26 5 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	78 5 8	104 11 4		Meat	278 17 4	253 10 0	254 2 6	254 7 10	1040 17 8	
Bakewell	131 8 4	140 8 7	157 5 9	149 8 3	578 10 11		Flour	262 7 4	238 10 0	225 0 0	242 14 0	968 11 4	
Belper	140 15 6	149 0 0	164 7 3	167 8 4	621 11 1		Oatmeal, Rice & Barley.	15 19 2	20 18 4	18 11 11	13 18 2	69 7 7	
Burton-upon-Trent	59 9 11	59 12 10	68 1 5	83 9 11	270 14 1		Tea and Coffee	29 16 0	20 18 7	26 3 8	23 13 11	100 12 2	
Basford	52 11 4	61 15 8	58 10 0	69 1 5	241 18 5		Sugar and Treacle	16 10 9	17 12 3	15 19 10	15 10 11	65 13 9	
Chesterfield	208 8 4	207 1 8	218 17 2	224 16 10	859 4 0		Other Groceries	6 9 6	3 15 11	6 19 8	13 9 10	30 14 11	
Chapel-en-le-Frith	19 14 3	22 0 0	26 0 0	35 1 5	102 15 8		Tobacco and Snuff	10 4 0	14 0 0	11 16 0	10 17 8	46 17 8	
Derby	325 3 9	310 12 11	329 0 3	319 19 6	1284 16 5		Butter and Cheese	84 5 6	76 9 0	76 16 6	91 16 2	329 7 2	
Ecclesall Bierlow	39 8 6	39 0 0	35 17 2	32 17 1	147 2 9		Beer and Malt.....	118 13 9	139 16 9	113 5 0	120 2 3	491 17 9	
Glossop	39 8 6	39 11 6	54 10 0	59 2 9	192 12 9		Wine	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	30 8 0	30 8 0	
Hayfield	26 5 8	26 0 0	27 5 9	35 14 3	115 5 8		<i>House & other Expenses</i>						
Loughborough.....	6 11 5	6 10 0	6 10 0	6 11 5	26 2 10		Coals	104 3 4	189 18 3	103 8 0	126 6 5	523 16 0	
Mansfield	56 19 11	26 0 0	26 0 0	26 5 8	135 5 7		Soap	32 5 0	30 17 3	24 0 3	49 1 0	136 3 6	
Rotherham	6 11 5	6 10 0	2 5 9	0 0 0	15 7 2		Starch and Soda	4 12 1	2 14 11	3 12 10	4 9 8	15 9 6	
Shardlow	85 8 5	73 18 7	65 0 0	79 8 5	303 15 5		Candles and Cleaning						
Tamworth	13 2 10	6 10 0	6 10 0	6 11 5	32 14 3		Articles	14 7 4	5 0 11	11 13 6	9 10 11	40 12 8	
Uttoxeter	13 2 10	13 0 0	13 0 0	12 17 2	52 0 0		Furniture, Bedding, and						
Worksop	6 11 5	0 0 0	6 10 0	6 10 0	19 11 5		General Repairs	45 8 5	51 16 5	46 10 3	93 7 0	237 2 1	
From County Treasurer.	19 14 3	19 10 0	19 10 0	19 14 3	78 8 6	5338 13 10	Ironmongery, Cutlery,						
						78 8 6	and Earthenware....	13 7 2	19 19 0	8 7 2	31 16 10	73 10 2	
From Unions & Parishes not contributing.							Brooms and Brushes ..	4 12 4	9 19 2	6 19 1	6 5 2	27 15 9	
Ashby-de-la-Zouch	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	43 19 6	43 19 6		Rates and Taxes	13 4 11	4 12 3	13 4 11	6 6 10	37 8 11	
Basford	63 2 0	63 2 0	53 9 8	39 0 0	218 13 8		Periodicals, Printing,						
Bingham	7 17 9	7 16 0	3 19 0	0 0 0	19 12 9		Stamps, & Stationery	5 5 1	10 10 0	3 14 2	35 18 8	55 7 11	
Coventry ...	20 14 10	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	20 14 10		Carriage of Goods and						
Brixworth	0 0 0	0 0 0	1 4 0	7 17 9	9 1 9		Tolls	2 18 0	2 12 3	5 8 11	3 9 0	14 8 2	
Daventry	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	18 15 6	18 15 6		Omnibus Hire.....	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	42 18 6	42 18 6	
Doncaster	7 17 9	7 16 0	7 16 0	7 17 9	31 7 6		Funeral Expenses	1 13 6	2 14 9	2 19 6	1 8 6	8 16 3	
East Retford	47 6 6	40 17 9	39 0 0	39 8 9	166 13 0		Road Expenses	10 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	10 0 0	
Hardingstone	0 0 0	0 0 0	3 17 3	7 17 9	11 15 0		Sweeping Flues	2 5 0	2 5 0	2 5 0	2 5 0	9 0 0	
Kettering	7 17 9	7 16 0	12 19 0	37 2 6	65 15 3		Musical Instruments ..	0 0 0	2 10 0	4 2 6	0 8 0	7 0 6	
Lincoln	352 9 7	221 15 0	0 0 0	61 12 8	635 17 3		Miscellaneous	9 13 4	5 19 4	18 18 4	12 18 4	47 9 4	
Liverpool	15 15 6	7 16 0	7 16 0	7 17 9	39 5 3		<i>Clothing</i>	59 11 5	122 4 0	53 8 8	78 8 6	313 12 7	1286 19 8
Macclesfield.....	7 17 9	7 16 0	5 13 3	0 0 0	21 7 0		<i>Salaries and Wages.</i>						
Market Harborough....	7 17 9	7 16 0	7 16 0	7 17 9	31 7 6		Officers	200 0 0	200 0 0	200 0 0	200 0 0	800 0 0	
Newark	15 15 6	15 17 6	15 12 0	15 15 6	63 0 6		Servants	254 13 2	244 8 7	254 9 5	261 10 2	1015 1 4	
Nottingham	113 8 9	74 9 3	0 0 0	0 0 0	187 18 0		<i>Extras for Sick.</i>						
Do. County Treasurer	7 17 9	7 17 9	7 16 0	7 16 0	31 7 6		Drugs	4 12 2	5 19 6	8 5 3	9 11 8	28 8 7	
Northampton	15 15 6	15 12 0	28 9 6	31 11 0	91 8 0		Wines and Spirits	12 0 0	14 14 0	13 16 0	12 9 0	52 19 0	
Radford	7 6 0	7 16 0	7 16 0	0 0 0	22 18 0		Porter	9 12 0	17 7 9	8 8 0	8 8 0	43 15 0	
Solihull	0 0 0	1 17 9	12 3 6	0 0 0	14 1 3	1815 1 6							125 2 7
Southwell	0 0 0	10 4 0	0 0 0	15 13 9	41 13 3	15 15 0							
Thrapston	15 15 6	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	1 5 9	398 16 6							
Uttoxeter	1 5 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0		7646 15 4							
For Funerals													
For Private Patients ..													
													£ 6715 3 9

Examined. (Signed) H. SEYMOUR BLANE.
W. MUNDY.

JOHN LANGLEY,
CLERK & STEWARD.

General statement of receipts and payments between the 1st January and the 31st December, 1900.

Dr.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance in Treasurer's hands on the 31st December, 1855	2267	0	8			
Ditto in Steward's ditto	48	17	9			
	<hr/>			2315	18	5
RECEIPTS.						
Transfer from County Rate				55	10	10
Sundry Sales				32	4	8
Officers' Uniform				19	12	3
Maintenance of Patients from Unions and Parishes belonging to the County	5338	13	10			
County Treasurer	78	8	6			
Unions and Parishes belonging to out Counties	1815	1	6			
Private Patients	398	16	6			
Funerals	15	15	0			
	<hr/>			7646	15	4
Accounts due to Tradesmen for Supplies to the 31st December, 1856	1366	19	10			
Officers' Salaries to Ditto	200	0	0			
	<hr/>			1566	19	10
				<hr/>		
				£11,637	1	4

Cr.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Tradesmen for Supplies to the 31st December, 1855	1297	1	5			
Officers' Salaries to ditto	200	0	0			
	<hr/>			1497	1	5
PAYMENTS.						
Provisions	3174	8	0			
House and other Expenses	1286	19	3			
Clothing	313	12	7			
Salaries and Wages	1815	1	4			
Extras for Sick	125	2	7			
	<hr/>			6715	3	9
Supplies to Farm and Garden				376	14	0
Well Work				70	16	6
Balance in Treasurer's hands on the 31st December, 1856	2920	9	0			
Ditto in Steward's ditto	56	16	8			
	<hr/>			2977	5	8
				<hr/>		
				£11,637	1	4

Examined and Audited,

(Signed)

H. SEYMOUR BLANE.

W. MUNDY.

JOHN LANGLEY,

Clerk and Steward.

RETURN OF CLOTHING AND BEDDING, MADE BY THE FEMALE PATIENTS,

BETWEEN THE 1ST JANUARY AND THE 31ST DECEMBER, 1856.

11	Antimacassars.
56	Aprons.
63	Bolster Cases.
4	Bonnets.
27	Boot and Shoe Uppers.
39	Curtains Long, Window Knitted.
150	Caps, Men's.
192	Caps, Women's.
167	Chemises.
53	Gowns.
48	Gowns, night.
11	Handkerchiefs.
84	Hose Knitted.
48	Jackets.
12	Loose Beds.
3	Mattress Cases.
25	Men's Scarfs.
7	Men's Suits.
112	Neckerchiefs.
3	Shawls.
59	Sheets.
342	Shirts.
3	Ditto, Flannel.
14	Shrouds.
43	Stays.
180	Stocks.
16	Strong Dresses.
15	Strong Rugs.
28	Towels.
46	Trousers.
11	Table Cloths.
22	Ticken Petticoats.
35	Waistcoats.
139	Sundry Articles.

The whole of the Repairs are done in the Asylum.

From January 1st to December 31st, 1856.

[illegible]

BREAKFAST.				DINNER.															
Males.		Females.		Males.						Females.						Males.		Females.	
	Bread.																		
	Milk Porridge.																		
	Bread.																		
	Milk Porridge.																		
	Beer.																		
	Bread.																		
	Uncooked Meat.																		
	Pie or Pudding.																		
	Soup.																		
	Stew.																		
	Vegetables.																		
	Beer.																		
	Bread.																		
	Uncooked Meat.																		
	Pie or Pudding.																		
	Soup.																		
	Stew.																		
	Vegetables.																		
	Beer.																		
	Bread.																		
	Cheese.																		
	Bread.																		
	Butter.																		
	Tea.																		
Sunday	6	1	5	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	6	7	..	..	..	12	$\frac{1}{2}$	5	7	..	..	12
Monday	6	1	5	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	6	..	..	1	..	..	$\frac{1}{2}$	5	..	..	1	..
Tuesday ...	6	1	5	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	6	7	..	..	..	12	$\frac{1}{2}$	5	7	..	..	12
Wednesday	6	1	5	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	6	7	..	..	..	12	$\frac{1}{2}$	5	7	..	..	12
Thursday ..	6	1	5	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	6	..	..	..	12	..	$\frac{1}{2}$	5	..	..	12	..
Friday	6	1	5	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	6	7	..	..	..	12	$\frac{1}{2}$	5	7	..	..	12
Saturday...	6	1	5	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	6	..	14	..	..	..	$\frac{1}{2}$	5	..	14	..	..

Workers $\frac{1}{2}$ pint Beer extra at 11 o'clock a.m., and at 4 o'clock p.m.
 Laundry Women, $\frac{1}{2}$ pint Beer, with Bread and Cheese, at 11 o'clock a.m.

DERBY COUNTY ASYLUM.

AVERAGE WEEKLY COST FOR MAINTENANCE, MEDICINE, CLOTHING, AND CARE OF PATIENTS
DURING THE YEAR, 1856, viz. :

	s.	d.
Provisions	4	5½
Clothing.....	0	6¼
Salaries and Wages	2	7¼
Necessaries (fuel, light, &c.)	1	2¾
Surgery and Dispensary	0	0½
Wine, Spirits, and Porter	0	1½
Furniture and Bedding	0	6
Garden and Farm.....	0	2¾
Miscellaneous	0	3½
	<hr/>	
	10	0
Less Receipts from Sales	0	1¾
	<hr/>	
	9	10¼
	<hr/>	

Average number of Patients, 267.

